How to Write an ACE Paragraph

- Sentence 1: Topic Sentence In one sentence, state your main idea, or central argument.
- Sentence 2: Cite Evidence If you are writing an informative or argumentative piece, write a fact. If you are writing a literary analysis piece, write a quote from the text.
- Sentence 3: Explain Write a comment about the fact or quote. You might paraphrase what it means and/or why it is important.
- Sentence 4: Explain Now that you have explained what your fact or quote means, explain how it supports or proves your main idea or central argument.
- Sentence 5: Cite Evidence Write another fact or quote.
- Sentence 6: Explain Write a comment about the fact or quote. You might explain what it means or why it is important.
- Sentence 7: Explain Now that you have explained what your fact or quote means, explain how it supports or proves your main idea or central argument.
- Sentence 8: Concluding Sentence Using different word order, restate your main idea or central argument and connect it to the evidence that you've presented.

Score	E Writing Rubric A: Answer	C: Cite	E: Explain
	Advanced: \	Advanced:	Advanced:
an em	precise central claim. (The response	The response makes skillful use of textual evidence (quotations, paraphrases, or both), demonstrating a	The response offers a thorough, well-considered evaluation of the author's use of evidence, reasoning, and/or stylistic and persuasive elements, and/or feature(s) of the student's own choosing.
4	comprehension of the source text.	complete understanding of the source text. The response contains	The response has a wide variety in sentence structures. The response demonstrates a consistent use of precise word choice. The response maintains a formal style and objective
	errors of fact or interpretation with regard	relevant, sufficient, and strategically chosen support for claim(s) or point(s) made	tone. The response shows a strong command of the conventions of standard written English and is free or virtually free of
			errors.
3	The response includes a central claim or implicit controlling idea.	Proficient: The response makes appropriate use of textual evidence (quotations,	Proficient: The response competently evaluates the author's use of evidence, reasoning, and/or stylistic and persuasive elements, and/or feature(s) of the student's own choosing.
	The response demonstrates effective	paraphrases, or both), demonstrating an understanding of the source text.	The response has variety in sentence structures. The response demonstrates some precise word choice. The response maintains a formal style and objective tone.
	The response is free of substantive errors of fact	The response contains relevant and sufficient support for claim(s) or point(s) made.	The response shows a good control of the conventions of standard written English and is free of significant errors that detract from the quality of writing.
		Partial:	Partial:
2	The response may lack a clear central claim or controlling idea or may deviate from the claim or idea over the course of the response.	The response makes limited and/or haphazard use of textual evidence (quotations, paraphrases, or both), demonstrating some understanding of the source text.	The response identifies and attempts to describe the author's use of evidence, reasoning, and/or stylistic and persuasive elements, and/or feature(s) of the student's own choosing, but merely asserts rather than explains their importance, or one or more aspects of the response's analysis are unwarranted based on the text.
	The response demonstrates some comprehension of the source text.	The response contains little or no support for claim(s) or	The response has limited variety in sentence structures; sentence structures may be repetitive. The response demonstrates general or vague word choice; word choice may be repetitive. The response may deviate noticeably
	The response may contain errors of fact and/or interpretation with regard to the text.	point(s) made.	from a formal style and objective tone.
1	Inadequate: The response may lack a clear central claim or controlling idea.	Inadequate: The response makes little or no use of textual evidence (quotations, paraphrases, or both),	Inadequate: The response identifies without explanation some aspects of the author's use of evidence, reasoning, and/or stylistic and persuasive elements, and/or feature(s) of the student's choosing, Or numerous aspects of the response's analysis are
	The response demonstrates little or no comprehension of the	demonstrating little or no understanding of the source text.	unwarranted based on the text, Or the response offers no discernible analysis (e.g., is largely or exclusively summary).
	source text. The response may contain numerous errors of fact and/or interpretation.	The response contains little or no support for claim(s) or point(s) made, or support is largely irrelevant.	general and vague word choice; word choice may be poor or